Wirral JSNA: Children, Young People and Families

Overview of needs

June 2016

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Background detail

Documents and information used as reference for this overview and as further information for local commissioners

- Wirral Child Health Profiles <u>here</u> and Wirral Health Profiles <u>here</u>
- Wirral Profile PHE CYP Benchmarking Tool <u>here</u>
- LGA Wirral Health & Wellbeing Report 2015 <u>here</u>
- Public Health, Strategic Commissioning Unit, Which interventions work best to improve life chances of deprived communities May 2016 <u>here</u>
- Wirral JSNA: Demographic information for Children and Young People (including maternity and early years) Updated July 2016 <u>here</u>
- Wirral JSNA: Child and Family Poverty here and Wirral IMD 2015 Report here

Introduction

Our pledges, for the Children, Young People and Families strategy, are that our that children will be ready for school, young people will be ready for work and adulthood, vulnerable children achieve their full potential and that child and family poverty is reduced. A key thread running through each outcome is that children feel safe and are safe. We will achieve our ambitions for children and families through working together, building on our success to date and being committed to continuous improvement.

Delivering differently has three strands: prevention, earlier intervention, and early help; managing children's plans and placements; developing a strong, qualified and experienced permanent workforce and key to this is to ensure that we deliver high quality, affordable services for children and families in Wirral. This will be done through consolidating the development of a strong integrated front door, so that children and families receive the right response, at the right time. We are focusing on supporting more children to live safely with their families at home in their community as well as strengthening our targeted use of services such as intensive family intervention and adolescent family support, to avoid the need for as many children to become looked after. Our refreshed sufficiency strategy supports us in securing more of the right high quality placements locally to make sure that our most vulnerable children live in Wirral.

Our work must be underpinned with high quality intelligence and needs analysis as we have a responsibility to consistently find more effective ways of making public money deliver better outcomes. It has been recognised that further streamlining and efficiency improvements cannot achieve savings of the magnitude now required therefore there is a need to guide both investment decisions and disinvestment. This will be done through joint commissioning to get maximum value from Wirral pound, by building on a shared understanding of needs and impact. This involves moving away from commissioning of services to commissioning for outcomes to achieve our ambitious but realistic plan for the future based on insight, on sound evidence and a good understanding of where we can make significant impact through working together to maximise resources we have in Wirral. The Children, Young People and Families Strategy pledges will be effectively informed and underpinned by this needs analysis.

The pledge **Children Ready for School** is impacted by child poverty and it is worth noting that:

- There were 109 LSOAs in England in 2015 where more than half the population • (50%) of the area was classed as living in income deprivation.
- In Wirral there was 7 LSOAs where more than 50% of residents were classed as being income deprived.
- Although in Wirral there has been a gradual reduction in numbers of children and young people experiencing poverty (under 16s and under 20s) but it still remains higher than both North West and England figures. This is 21.5% of all children in Wirral, a reduction from 22.4% in 2012 and 23.8% in 2011 (HMRC, 2015)

The pledge Young People are ready for work and adulthood is impacted by poor mental health, substance misuse and youth offending in children and young people. In this needs analysis it shows that

- Wirral has higher rates of child admissions for mental health than both North West and England (Figure 6) – although comparative to both England and NW in 2011/12 and 2012/13 this leapt significantly in 2013/14
- Wirral has the lowest level for child hospital admissions for unintentional and • deliberate injuries of all North West LA areas albeit slightly above England average, however hospital admissions for unintentional and deliberate injuries leaps significantly for those aged 15 - 24 (Figure 8)
- Wirral has a higher rate of hospital admissions for under 18s specific to alcohol and • substance misuse than North West and England (Figure 13 & 14)
- Although figures suggest a continuing reduction in the numbers of first time entrants to the youth justice system, Wirral continues to have higher numbers than both North West and England (Figure 21)

Wirral's Children Looked After population rate continues to be significantly above North West and England averages. Domestic abuse, drug and alcohol misuse and an inappropriate caring role for young carer's impacts on the pledge vulnerable children reach their full potential. The needs analysis shows that

- Wirral and Knowsley have the highest recorded crude rates per 1,000 population in North West for Domestic Abuse incidents recorded by the police (2014/15 data) (Figure 20)
- Wirral has a higher percentage of young people, both under 15 and between 15 and 24, providing unpaid care in the family than North West and England (Census 2011 in PHOF 2016)
- The numbers of parents, as new presentations for 2015/16 (drugs and alcohol), and • their family status as recorded highlights over 32% of parents not living with the children and only 16% living with their own children

There are more detailed tables below.

Demographics

Births

- The number of births in Wirral in 2014 was 3,536, the lowest number for a decade
- As **table 1** below shows, births are projected to decrease by over 5.4% in Wirral over the next 25 years, compared to a decrease of 4.2% in the North-West and a slight increase in England overall of 1.9%

| | 2013 | 2018 | 2023 | 2028 | 2033 | 2037 | % change 2013 to 2037 |
|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------------------------|
| Wirral | 3,700 | 3,700 | 3,600 | 3,500 | 3,400 | 3,500 | -5.41% |
| North-West | 88,100 | 88,300 | 86,300 | 84,000 | 83,300 | 84,400 | -4.20% |
| England | 682,800 | 696,500 | 691,600 | 683,200 | 683,100 | 696,100 | +1.95% |

Table 1:

Source: ONS 2012-based Subnational Population Projections, ONS (2014)

- Figure 1 below shows the actual number of births by Wirral ward in 2014/15.
- It shows that the four most deprived wards in Wirral had the highest number of births in 2014/15.

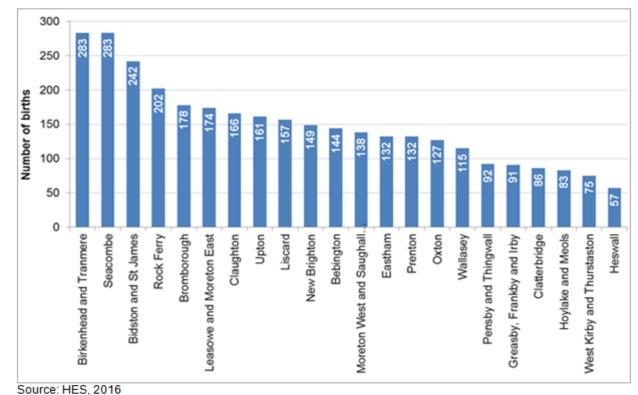


Figure 1:

 As table 2 below shows, in 2014 the largest number of Wirral births occurred in women aged 30-34. This was also the case in England, but not in the North-West overall, where the most common age was slightly younger at 25-29. Wirral differs from England in two main respects – Wirral has a higher proportion of births to younger mothers (aged 24 and under), and a smaller proportion of births to older mothers (aged 35 and over).

Table 2:

| | | 11-19 | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-34 | 35-39 | 40+ | All Ages |
|-------------|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|----------|
| England | No. | 24,246 | 105,794 | 186,659 | 206,117 | 110,748 | 27,932 | 661,496 |
| England | % | 3.7% | 16.0% | 28.2% | 31.2% | 16.7% | 4.2% | 100% |
| North- | No. | 3,654 | 15,815 | 25,598 | 25,421 | 12,220 | 2,898 | 85,606 |
| West | % | 4.3% | 18.5% | 29.9% | 29.7% | 14.3% | 3.4% | 100% |
| Wirral | No. | 176 | 668 | 995 | 1,075 | 502 | 120 | 3,536 |
| vviitai | % | 5.0% | 18.9% | 28.1% | 30.4% | 14.2% | 3.4% | 100% |
| Source: ONS | 5 2015 | | | | | | | |

Source: ONS, 2015

Population

• Children and young people make up less than one in four (23%) of Wirral residents (74,720 in 2014) (Table 3)

Table 3

| Age | Females | Males | All |
|------------|---------|--------|--------|
| 0 | 1,734 | 1,811 | 3,545 |
| 1 | 1,773 | 1,945 | 3,718 |
| 2 | 1,838 | 1,910 | 3,748 |
| 3 | 1,956 | 2,209 | 4,165 |
| 4 | 1,890 | 1,975 | 3,865 |
| 5 | 1,897 | 1,915 | 3,812 |
| 6 | 1,896 | 1,898 | 3,794 |
| 7 | 1,935 | 1,930 | 3,865 |
| 8 | 1,812 | 2,031 | 3,843 |
| 9 | 1,819 | 1,949 | 3,768 |
| 10 | 1,789 | 1,843 | 3,632 |
| 11 | 1,763 | 1,869 | 3,632 |
| 12 | 1,691 | 1,849 | 3,540 |
| 13 | 1,744 | 1,763 | 3,507 |
| 14 | 1,765 | 1,813 | 3,578 |
| 15 | 1,887 | 1,890 | 3,777 |
| 16 | 1,852 | 1,964 | 3,816 |
| 17 | 1,913 | 2,001 | 3,914 |
| 18 | 1,858 | 2,029 | 3,887 |
| 19 | 1,350 | 1,696 | 3,046 |
| Total 0-19 | 36,162 | 38,290 | 74,452 |

Source: Mid-2015 population estimates, ONS (2016)

Projections

- In table 4, the number of children aged 0-4 is projected to decrease by 6.35% by • 2037
- The population aged 10-14 is projected to increase by 4.35% by 2037;
- The population aged 15-19 is projected to decrease by 3.61% between 2012 and • 2037
- Overall, the population aged 0-19 is projected to increase very slightly by 1.2%, compared to a negligible increase of just 0.19% in the overall population of Wirral

Table 4 Ŧ

| Age Group | 2013 | 2018 | 2023 | 2028 | 2033 | 2037 | % change 2013 to 2037 |
|--------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------------------------|
| 0-4 | 18,900 | 19,000 | 19,000 | 18,700 | 18,200 | 17,700 | -6.35% |
| 5-9 | 18,200 | 18,600 | 19,600 | 19,600 | 19,400 | 18,800 | +1.10% |
| 10-14 | 18,400 | 18,000 | 18,900 | 19,900 | 20,000 | 19,700 | +4.35% |
| 15-19 | 19,400 | 19,000 | 16,900 | 17,800 | 18,800 | 18,900 | -3.61% |
| Total 0-19 | 74,900 | 74,600 | 74,400 | 76,000 | 76,400 | 75,100 | +1.20% |
| All ages | 320,200 | 320,400 | 323,100 | 326,400 | 328,800 | 330,400 | +0.19% |

Source: ONS 2012-based Subnational Population Projections, ONS (2014)

Ward

- The estimated population by ward/deprivation rank can be seen in the table 5 below
- 4 wards with most children are also most deprived wards, over half of Wirral children live in more deprived areas
- With 33,978 live in the 11 most deprived wards, compared to 25,659 in the 11 least deprived wards

| Ward | Total Pop | 0-15 years | % of children | IMD Rank of Ward (Wirral) |
|----------------------------------|-----------|------------|------------------|------------------------------|
| Birkenhead and Tranmere | 16,439 | 3,768 | 22.9% | (Most deprived) 1 |
| Bidston and St James | 15,281 | 3,578 | 23.4% | 2 |
| Seacombe | 15,601 | 3,659 | 23.5% | 3 |
| Rock Ferry | 14,714 | 3,236 | 22.0% | 4 |
| Leasowe and Moreton East | 14,649 | 3,089 | 21.1% | 5 |
| Liscard | 15,610 | 3,014 | 19.3% | 6 |
| Claughton | 14,143 | 2,564 | 18.1% | 7 |
| Upton | 16,254 | 3,121 | 19.2% | 8 |
| New Brighton | 14,918 | 2,587 | 17.3% | 9 |
| Bromborough | 15,466 | 2,932 | 19.0% | 10 |
| Moreton West and Saughall Massie | 14,051 | 2,430 | 17.3% | 11 |
| Prenton | 14,633 | 2,658 | 18.2% | 12 |
| Oxton | 13,972 | 2,287 | 16.4% | 13 |
| Eastham | 14,002 | 2,483 | 17.7% | 14 |
| Bebington | 15,709 | 2,943 | 18.7% | 15 |
| Pensby and Thingwall | 13,046 | 2,049 | 15.7% | 16 |
| Wallasey | 14,857 | 2,338 | 15.7% | 17 |
| Hoylake and Meols | 13,356 | 2,193 | 16.4% | 18 |
| Clatterbridge | 14,354 | 2,265 | 15.8% | 19 |
| West Kirby and Thurstaston | 12,670 | 2,189 | 17.3% | 20 |
| Greasby, Frankby and Irby | 13,925 | 2,141 | 15.4% | 21 |
| Heswall | 13,264 | 2,113 | 15.9% | (Least deprived) 22 |

Table 5

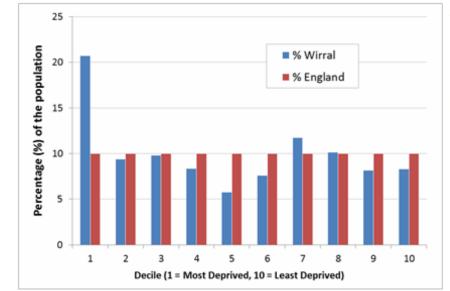
Source: Wirral Stats Compendium 2016

Indices of Multiple Deprivation

Overview

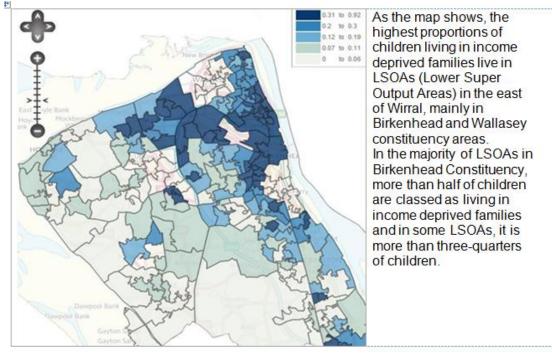
- Wirral was the 66th most deprived authority (of 326 authorities) in England according to the 2015 IMD (1 the being most deprived, 326 the least deprived).
- Although Wirral overall is no longer in the 20% most deprived of areas in England, many of the LSOAs within Wirral are classed as being amongst the most deprived in the country with 10 Wirral LSOAs which are classed as being in the 1% most deprived LSOAs in England. Eight of these were in Birkenhead Constituency, 2 were in Wallasey Constituency
- The population of those Wirral LSOAs (n=62) classified as being amongst the 20% most deprived nationally is 95,585. In other words, almost one in three (30%) of the Wirral population live in areas classified as being amongst the 20% most deprived in England

Figure 2: Percentage of the population of Wirral & England by deprivation decile, 2015

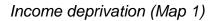


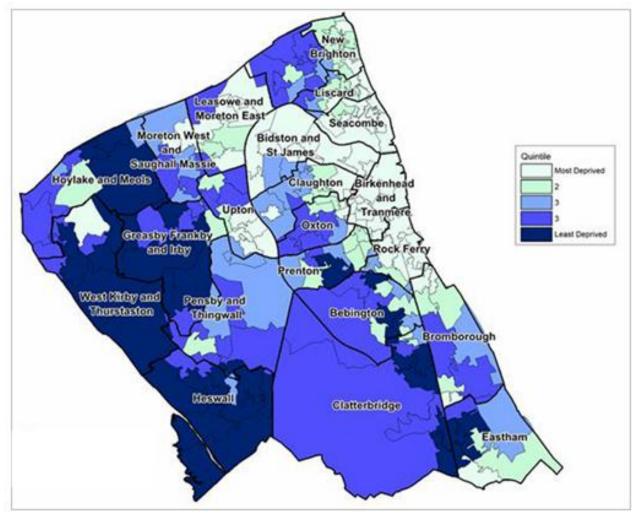
As the chart shows, the proportion of the Wirral population living in LSOAs classed as being in the most deprived decile (or 10%) is more than double the national average. In Wirral, 21% of the population live in decile 1 compared to 10% in England overall. Wirral also has a smaller proportion of its population in the 'average' deciles (4, 5 and 6) and most affluent deciles (9 and 10).

Income Deprivation Affecting Children Index Score (IDACI) 2015 (Figure 3)



• IMD 2015 suggests that poverty has greater impact in areas of deprivation with a number of wards experiencing at higher levels of deprivation than Wirral average.





Map 1 shows the distribution of deprivation in Wirral visually. As the map shows, the majority of the areas of acute deprivation (20% most deprived) are in Bidston & St. James, Birkenhead & Tranmere, Rock Ferry and Seacombe wards. Leasowe & Moreton East ward also has significant areas of deprivation. There are also several areas in south and west Wirral (Acre Lane area of Bromborough, Mill Park estate in Eastham, Woodchurch estate in Upton and area around Anglesey Road in West Kirby) which fall into the20% most deprived, but generally speaking, there is a north & east/west & south split in Wirral with regard to deprivation. The majority of the least deprived areas of Wirral are in Heswall ward (Gayton and Heswall) with some other pockets in West Kirby & Thurstaston ward (Caldy area), Hoylake ward and Greasby, Frankby & Irby ward

- The ten most deprived Lower Super Output Areas (LSOAs) in Wirral on the Income domain of the IMD (2015) are noted in the table 6 below
- It is worth noting that there were 109 LSOAs in England in 2015 where more than half the population (50%) of the area was classed as living in income deprivation. Wirral had 7 LSOAs where more than 50% of residents were classed as being income deprived

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Table 6

| LSOA code | LSOA name | Overall IMD Rank (1 = most deprived) | Income Score (rate) | Income Rank (1 = most deprived) |
|-----------|-----------------------|---|------------------------|------------------------------------|
| E01007133 | Birkenhead East Float | 133 | 59% | 9 |
| E01007122 | Bidston St James East | 36 | 58% | 10 |
| E01007274 | Seacombe Ferry | 100 | 56% | 21 |
| E01007293 | Lower Tranmere | 108 | 54% | 36 |
| E01007127 | Birkenhead West | 56 | 51% | 87 |
| E01007124 | Beechwood North | 346 | 50% | 102 |
| E01007289 | Tranmere Woodward | 270 | 50% | 107 |
| E01007123 | Bidston St James West | 460 | 49% | 128 |
| E01007220 | Egremont Central | 288 | 48% | 137 |
| E01007128 | Birkenhead Central | 94 | 48% | 153 |

Key Issues for Wirral

Child Poverty

 Wirral has seen a gradual reduction in numbers of children and young people experiencing poverty (under 16s and under 20s) but remains higher than both North West and England figures (Figure 4 below)

Figure 4

| 60 | Period | Count | Value | Lower CI | Upper CI | North West | England |
|-----------------------|--------------------|--------|-------|----------|----------|---------------|---------|
| | 2006 | 15,125 | 25.0 | 24.7 | 25.3 | 23.7 | 21.8 |
| | 2007 | 15,165 | 25.5 | 25.1 | 25.8 | 24.4 | 22.4 |
| 40 | 2008 | 14,890 | 25.2 | 24.9 | 25.6 | 23.5 | 21. |
| | 2009 | 15,335 | 25.9 | 25.5 | 26.2 | 23.7 | 21. |
| | 2010 | 14,875 | 25.3 | 24.9 | 25.6 | 22.9 | 21. |
| | 2011 | 14,460 | 24.6 | 24.3 | 25.0 | 22.5 | 20. |
| 20 | 2012 | 13,745 | 23.4 | 23.1 | 23.8 | 21.4 | 19. |
| • | 2013 | 13,115 | 22.5 | 22.1 | 22.8 | 21.0 | 18. |
| 0 2006 2008 2010 2012 | Source: HM Revenue | - | | | | | |

- The published data in figure 5 below (up to November 2013) suggests that 14,940 children in Wirral are living in poverty (up to age of 20 years) which is a reduction from 15,620 in 2012 and 17,615 in 2009. (HMRC, 2015)
- This is 21.5% of all children in Wirral, a reduction from 22.4% in 2012 and 23.8% in 2011 (HMRC, 2015)
- For England, the 2013 average is 18.0%, a reduction from 18.6% in 2012 and 20.1% in 2011 (HMRC, 2015)
- There are very high concentrations of people living in poverty within Bidston, Birkenhead and Tranmere and Rock Ferry. These areas correlate strongly with other known deprivation markers.

Wirral has higher rates of child admissions for mental health than both North West and England (Figure 6) – although comparative to both England and NW in 2011/12 and 2012/13 this leapt significantly in 2013/14 Figure 6



Figure 5

| 60 | Period | Count | Value | Lower CI | Upper CI | North West | England |
|-----------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------|
| | 2006 | 16,635 | 23.5 | 23.2 | 23.8 | 22.6 | 20. |
| | 2007 | 17,095 | 24.3 | 23.9 | 24.6 | 23.6 | 21. |
| 40 | 2008 | 17,000 | 24.3 | 23.9 | 24.6 | 22.8 | 20. |
| | 2009 | 17,615 | 24.9 | 24.6 | 25.3 | 23.1 | 21. |
| | 2010 | 17,155 | 24.4 | 24.1 | 24.7 | 22.4 | 20. |
| | 2011 | 16,665 | 23.8 | 23.5 | 24.1 | 22.1 | 20. |
| 20 | 2012 | 15,630 | 22.5 | 22.1 | 22.8 | 20.7 | 18. |
| | 2013 | 14,940 | 21.5 | 21.2 | 21.8 | 20.3 | 18. |
| 0 2006 2008 2010 2012 | Source: HM Revenue | and Customs (Pers | onal Tax Cr | edits: Related | l Statistics - Cl | hild Poverty S | Statistics) |

Children in poverty (all dependent children under 20) wirral

Mental Health

Child admissions for mental health: rate per 100,000 aged 0 -17 years Crude rate - per 100,000 Wirral Export chart as image Show confidence intervals 1000 North Period Count Value Lower CI Upper CI England West 2010/11 133.2 107.0 109.4 109.4 0 89 164.0 2011/12 0 57 84.2 63.8 109.1 91.3 91.3 750 96.1 2012/13 0 65 742 122 5 876 876 100,000 2013/14 83 123.0 98.0 152.5 87.2 87.2 0 97.8 87.4 2014/15 0 83 122.8 152.2 87.4 500 Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES) Copyright © 2014, Re-use and Social Care Information Centre. All rights reserved. ith the i on of The Health per 1 250 0 2010/11 2011/12 2012/13 2013/14 2014/15 England

Unintentional and deliberate injury

- Wirral has seen as steady reduction in child hospital admissions for unintentional and deliberate injuries in those aged 0 – 14 since 2010/11 (Figure 7)
- Wirral is now close to England and substantially below North West rates per 10,000 population (Figure 7)
- Wirral has the lowest level for child hospital admissions for unintentional and deliberate injuries of all North West LA areas albeit slightly above England average. (Figure 7)

Proportion - %

Child hospital admissions for unintentional and deliberate injuries: rate per 10,000 children 0-14

Wirral Crude rate - per 10,000

| 2010/11 O 772 139.1 129.5 149 2011/12 O 708 128.3 119.0 138 2012/13 O 593 106.9 98.5 115 | | 115.2 |
|--|-----------|-------|
| 2012/12 593 106.9 09.5 115 | 1 110.0 | |
| 2012/13 • 593 106.9 98.5 115 | I I I 0.Z | 118.2 |
| | 9 103.8 | 103.8 |
| 2013/14 • 615 110.8 102.2 120 | 0 112.2 | 112.2 |
| 2014/15 O 643 115.1 106.4 124 | 4 109.6 | 109.6 |
| Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES) | | |

Source: PHOF 2016

Notes: Also consider the following documents when reviewing current and future needs

Wirral Child Health Profiles here

England

- Wirral Health Profiles here
- Wirral Profile PHE CYP Benchmarking Tool here
- LGA Wirral Health & Wellbeing Report 2015 here
- However hospital admissions for unintentional and deliberate injuries leaps significantly for those aged 15 – 24 (Figure 8)
- Wirral is above both England and North West at 170.4/10,000 population compared to 131.7 for England and 159.8 for North West (Figure 8)
- Yet this is an improving picture with a steady reduction from 230.0/10,000 in 2010/11 to 170.4/10.000 in 2014/15 and in that time both North West and England have improved but at a slower pace (Figure 8)

Figure 8

Young people hospital admissions for unintentional and deliberate injuries: rate per 10,000 young people 15-24

Export chart as image Show confidence intervals North 400 Period Count Value Lower CI Upper CI England West 2010/11 878 230.0 215.0 245.7 154.2 0 154.2 2011/12 \bigcirc 827 217.7 203.1 233.1 144 7 1447 300 2012/13 0 726 194.2 180.4 208.9 130.7 130.7 000 01 200 2013/14 0 682 185.4 171.8 199.9 136.7 136.7 2014/15 0 614 170.4 157.2 184.4 131.7 131.7 0 tal Episode Statis ics (HES) per 100 0 2010/11 2011/12 2012/13 2013/14 2014/15 England

Source: PHOF 2016

Accident & Emergency (A&E) Attendances in 0-4s

 In table 7 below nearly 1 in 10 A&E attendances in 0-4s occurs for children in Birkenhead and Tranmere ward whereas the lowest proportional attendance is in children who live in Wallasey ward at 1 in 40

Table 7

| Ward Name | % |
|----------------------------------|-----|
| Birkenhead and Tranmere | 9.4 |
| Rock Ferry | 7.6 |
| Bidston and St James | 7.3 |
| Upton | 6.6 |
| Leasowe and Moreton East | 6.6 |
| Bromborough | 5.4 |
| Claughton | 3.7 |
| Moreton West and Saughall Massie | 4.8 |
| Bebington | 4.3 |
| Oxton | 3.5 |
| Seacombe | 6.0 |
| Prenton | 4.2 |
| Greasby, Frankby and Irby | 3.1 |
| Clatterbridge | 3.1 |
| Eastham | 4.0 |
| West Kirby and Thurstaston | 2.7 |
| Hoylake and Meols | 3.1 |
| Pensby and Thingwall | 2.7 |
| Liscard | 3.7 |
| Heswall | 2.9 |
| New Brighton | 2.8 |
| Wallasey | 2.4 |
| Source: TIIG, 2014/15 | |

• Wirral and Knowsley have the highest recorded crude rates per 1,000 population in North West for Domestic Abuse incidents recorded by the police (2014/15 data) (Figure 20)

Young carers

Figure 9

| Export chart as image | 🔼 Export table as image | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------|----------|------------|-------------|
| | Area | Value | Lo | ower Cl | Upper CI |
| | England | 1.11 | | 1.11 | 1.12 |
| | North West region | 1.22* | | - | - |
| | Blackpool | 1.61 | | 1.46 | 1.77 |
| | Halton | 1.40 | | 1.26 | 1.55 |
| Funnel plot is | Sefton | 1.38 | | 1.28 | 1.49 |
| not available | Liverpool | 1.38 | | 1.30 | 1.46 |
| | Tameside | 1.37 | | 1.27 | 1.49 |
| | Cumbria | 1.34 | F | 1.27 | 1.43 |
| | Knowsley | 1.29 | | 1.17 | 1.43 |
| | Wirral | 1.26 | | 1.17 | 1.35 |
| | Wigan | 1.26 | | 1.17 | 1.35 |
| | Warrington | 1.23 | | 1.13 | 1.35 |
| | St. Helens | 1.22 | | 1.11 | 1.35 |
| | Oldham | 1.22 | | 1.13 | 1.32 |
| | Lancashire | 1.22 | н | 1.17 | 1.26 |
| | Stockport | 1.21 | | 1.12 | 1.31 |
| | Salford | 1.17 | | 1.08 | 1.28 |
| | Manchester | 1.17 | | 1.10 | 1.24 |
| | Rochdale | 1.16 | | 1.06 | 1.26 |
| | Blackburn with Darwen | 1.14 | | 1.03 | 1.26 |
| | Bury | 1.14 | | 1.04 | 1.25 |
| | Cheshire West and Chest | 1.05 | H | 0.97 | 1.14 |
| | Bolton | 1.04 | | 0.96 | 1.13 |
| | Trafford | 1.03 | | 0.94 | 1.13 |
| | Cheshire East | 0.94 | - | 0.87 | 1.02 |

| Figure 10 | |
|--|------|
| Young people providing care: % people aged 16-24 who unpaid care | 2011 |

| Export chart as image | e | 🔀 Export table as image | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| 0 | | Area | Value | | Lower Cl | Uppe Cl |
| | | England | 4.8 | | 4.8 | 4. |
| 7 | | North West region | 5.4* | | - | - |
| , | | Knowsley | 7.7 | ⊢-I | 7.4 | 8. |
| 0 0 | | Oldham | 6.8 | FH | 6.5 | 7. |
| Trafford | | Blackburn with Darwen | 6.6 | ⊢ | 6.2 | 6. |
| Value: 5.4% Population: 22,456 | | Sefton | 6.5 | ⊢–I | 6.2 | 6.8 |
| | | St. Helens | 6.3 | H-I | 6.0 | 6. |
| 0 | 0 | Halton | 6.3 | ⊢ –1 | 5.9 | 6. |
| -00 | | Rochdale | 6.2 | H | 5.9 | 6. |
| 5 | 22,456 O | Tameside | 6.2 | H=4 | 5.9 | 6. |
| 0 | | Wirral | 6.2 | н | 5.9 | 6. |
| | Ŭ | Blackpool | 6.1 | H | 5.8 | 6. |
| 4 | | Bolton | 6.0 | н | 5.8 | 6.3 |
| 50 | k 100k | Wigan | 6.0 | н | 5.7 | 6.3 |
| | | Bury | 5.8 | ⊢ –1 | 5.5 | 6.1 |
| | ropulation | Salford | 5.5 | н | 5.2 | 5. |
| — | England | Trafford | 5.4 | F-4 | 5.2 | 5. |
| | 95.0% Confidence | Liverpool | 5.4 | н | 5.3 | 5. |
| | 99.8% Confidence | Warrington | 5.2 | H-1 | 4.9 | 5. |
| | | Stockport | 5.1 | H | 4.9 | 5.4 |
| | | Lancashire | 5.0 | Н | 4.9 | 5. |
| | | Cheshire West and Chest | 4.7 | H | 4.5 | 4.9 |
| | | Cumbria | 4.7 | H | 4.5 | 4. |
| | | Manchester | 4.5 | Н | 4.4 | 4. |
| | | Cheshire East | 4.1 | H-1 | 3.9 | 4.3 |
| | | Source: Census | | | | |

Source: <u>PHOF 2016</u> and Notes: Also consider the following documents when reviewing current and future needs

In Wirral, for 2015/16, there were 142 assessments of young carers (Barnardos Performance Data, 2016) undertaken and of those supported

- 36 children were caring for parents who receive support from secondary mental health services
- 64 children were caring for parents supported by primary health care.
- 26 children were caring for parents with at least one other diagnosed health conditions, including
 - 8 children whose parents also had identified drug and alcohol issues and in treatment
 - A further 15 children whose parent(s) were known to use drugs and alcohol, often to self- medicate
- 14 children were caring in families where domestic abuse was current,
 - Of these, 5 children were living in a family where Mental Health and Drugs and Alcohol were also presenting issues
- 60 children were living in families, where there had been historic Domestic Abuse.

Substance misuse

Mental Health

- Figure 11 Wirral has a lower percentage of people at 13.7% in treatment, compared to both North West and England at 20.1 and 21.0% respectively, with concurrent contact with mental health services and substance misuse services for drug misuse
- For the 2 years of available data the trend remains similar from 2013/14 to 2014/15
- Equally in figure 12 below Wirral has a lower percentage of people at 12.6% in treatment, compared to both North West and England at 18.0 and 20.0% respectively, with concurrent contact with mental health services and substance misuse services for alcohol misuse

Proportion - %

| Area | Count | Value | | 95% Lower Cl | 95% Upper Cl |
|---------------------------|--------|-------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| England | 15,907 | 21.0 | | 20.7 | 21.3 |
| North West region | 2,652 | 20.1 | - | 19.4 | 20.8 |
| Warrington | 156 | 52.5 | | 46.9 | 58.1 |
| Rochdale | 155 | 37.7 | | 33.2 | 42.5 |
| Manchester | 372 | 33.0 | — | 30.3 | 35.8 |
| St. Helens | 68 | 24.8 | | 20.1 | 30.3 |
| Blackpool | 124 | 24.7 | | 21.1 | 28.6 |
| Cheshire East | 61 | 24.1 | | 19.3 | 29.7 |
| Oldham | 79 | 21.3 | <mark>⊢</mark> | 17.4 | 25.7 |
| Liverpool | 407 | 20.6 | <mark>⊢</mark> ⊣ | 18.9 | 22.4 |
| Salford | 85 | 18.7 | — — | 15.4 | 22.5 |
| Halton | 53 | 18.1 | — — | 14.1 | 22.9 |
| Stockport | 59 | 17.9 | | 14.2 | 22.4 |
| Blackburn with Darwen | 61 | 17.7 | <mark>⊢</mark> | 14.1 | 22.1 |
| Sefton | 137 | 17.5 | | 15.0 | 20.3 |
| Bury | 49 | 17.1 | | 13.2 | 21.9 |
| Bolton | 84 | 17.0 | — | 14.0 | 20.6 |
| Wigan | 114 | 16.8 | | 14.2 | 19.8 |
| Lancashire | 257 | 16.8 | H | 15.0 | 18.7 |
| Cheshire West and Chester | 48 | 16.5 | — — | 12.7 | 21.2 |
| Knowsley | 33 | 15.8 | <mark>⊢-</mark> | 11.5 | 21.3 |
| Wirral | 107 | 13.7 | H | 11.4 | 16.2 |
| Tameside | 41 | 12.0 | | 9.0 | 15.9 |
| Cumbria | 74 | 9.4 | H | 7.5 | 11.6 |
| Trafford | 25 | 7.0 | - | 4.8 | 10.1 |

Source: PHOF 2016

Figure 12

Concurrent contact with mental health services and substance misuse services for alcohol misuse

Proportion - %

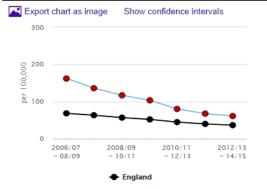
| Area ▲♥ | Count ▲▼ | Value ▲▼ | | 95% Lower Cl | 95% Upper Cl |
|---------------------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| England | 11,386 | 20.0 | ł | 19.7 | 20.3 |
| North West region | 2,031 | 18.0 | ł | 17.3 | 18.8 |
| Warrington | 215 | 61.4 | | 56.2 | 66.4 |
| Manchester | 331 | 32.5 | ⊢ − | 29.7 | 35.4 |
| St. Helens | 77 | 27.6 | ⊢−− −1 | 22.7 | 33.1 |
| Knowsley | 54 | 26.1 | | 20.6 | 32.5 |
| Rochdale | 84 | 24.7 | | 20.4 | 29.6 |
| Sefton | 118 | 20.7 | | 17.6 | 24.2 |
| Cheshire West and Chester | 57 | 19.9 | H | 15.7 | 24.9 |
| Tameside | 89 | 18.9 | H | 15.7 | 22.7 |
| Halton | 43 | 17.7 | | 13.4 | 23.0 |
| Bolton | 66 | 17.2 | H | 13.7 | 21.3 |
| Salford | 78 | 16.0 | H | 13.0 | 19.5 |
| Oldham | 70 | 15.6 | H | 12.5 | 19.2 |
| Stockport | 39 | 15.5 | _ | 11.6 | 20.5 |
| Wigan | 79 | 15.5 | | 12.6 | 18.9 |
| Blackburn with Darwen | 27 | 15.5 | | 10.9 | 21.6 |
| Lancashire | 192 | 15.4 | - | 13.5 | 17.5 |
| Cheshire East | 48 | 15.1 | | 11.6 | 19.5 |
| Bury | 36 | 14.8 | | 10.9 | 19.7 |
| Wirral | 101 | 12.6 | | 10.4 | 15.0 |
| Blackpool | 42 | 11.0 | | 8.2 | 14.5 |
| Liverpool | 108 | 10.2 | - | 8.5 | 12.2 |
| Cumbria | 54 | 7.0 | F | 5.4 | 9.0 |
| Trafford | 23 | 5.7 | н | 3.8 | 8.4 |

Source: PHOF 2016

Hospital admissions

• Wirral has a higher rate of hospital admissions for under 18s specific to alcohol and substance misuse than North West and England (Figure 13 & 14)

Hospital admissions due to alcohol specific conditions wirral

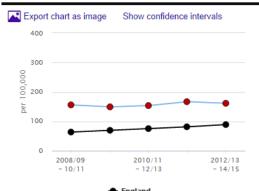


| Period | | Count | Value | Lower CI | Upper CI | North West | England |
|--------------------|---|-------|-------|----------|----------|---------------|---------|
| 2006/07 - 08/09 | ٠ | 337 | 161.8 | 145.0 | 180.1 | 115.6 | 68.4 |
| 2007/08 - 09/10 | ٠ | 281 | 135.9 | 120.5 | 152.8 | 104.2 | 63.3 |
| 2008/09 - 10/11 | ٠ | 240 | 116.9 | 102.5 | 132.6 | 94.9 | 56.9 |
| 2009/10 - 11/12 | ٠ | 211 | 103.4 | 89.9 | 118.4 | 85.5 | 52.1 |
| 2010/11 - 12/13 | ٠ | 163 | 80.2 | 68.4 | 93.5 | 71.9 | 44.9 |
| 2011/12 - 13/14 | ٠ | 137 | 67.6 | 56.8 | 79.9 | 60.4 | 40.1 |
| 2012/13 - 14/15 | ٠ | 124 | 61.2 | 50.9 | 72.9 | 53.5 | 36.6 |

Source: Calculated by Public Health England: Knowledge and Intelligence Team (North West) using data from the Health and Social Care Information Centre - Hospital Episode Statistics (HES) and Office for National Statistics (ONS) - Mid Year Population Estimates

Figure 14

Hospital admissions due to substance misuse (15-24 years) wirral



| Period | | Count | Value | Lower CI | Upper CI | North West | England |
|--------------------|---|-------|-------|----------|----------|---------------|---------|
| 2008/09 - 10/11 | ٠ | 180 | 155.7 | 132.9 | 179.0 | 88.4 | 63.5 |
| 2009/10 - 11/12 | ٠ | 170 | 148.9 | 127.3 | 173.1 | 101.9 | 69.4 |
| 2010/11 - 12/13 | ٠ | 171 | 153.4 | 131.1 | 178.3 | 107.6 | 75.2 |
| 2011/12 - 13/14 | ٠ | 184 | 166.5 | 143.2 | 192.4 | 116.5 | 81.3 |
| 2012/13 - 14/15 | ٠ | 176 | 161.1 | 138.1 | 186.9 | 129.4 | 88.8 |

Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES) Copyright © 2016, Re-used with the permission of The H and Social Care Information Centre. All rights reserved.

Source: PHOF 2016

Drug and alcohol treatment and families

 As we see in table 8 below the numbers of parents, as new presentations for 2015/16, and their family status as recorded highlights over 32% of parents not living with the children and only 16% living with their own children

Table 8: Family status of person in Drug and Alcohol treatment

| Family status | 1 Apr 2015 - 31 | Mar 2016 |
|--|-----------------|----------|
| (new treatment journey / episode) | No.* | % |
| Parent living with own children | 244 | 16.2% |
| Other child contact - living with children | 19 | 1.3% |
| Parent not living with children | 488 | 32.4% |
| Not a parent / no child contact | 754 | 50.0% |
| Declined to answer either question | 2 | 0.1% |

Source: DOMES report (Q4 2015/16), NDTMS

Notes *Based on 1507 episodes

Technical Notes: All clients starting treatment within the date parameters and their family status as recorded on the parental status / number of children living with fields of NDTMS. For more details on this calculation please refer to the technical definitions which accompany this report

Children in care

• Wirral continues to have higher numbers of children and young people in care of the local authority than North West and England (Figure 15)

Crude rate - per 100,000

Directly standardised rate - per 100.000

Children in care Wirral

Crude rate - per 10,000

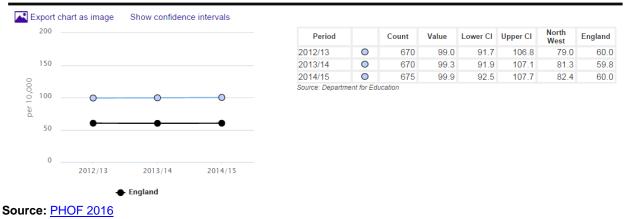
Crude rate - per 10,000

| | Period | | Count | Value | Lower CI | Upper CI | North West | England |
|-----------|------------|---|-------|-------|----------|----------|---------------|---------|
| | 2011 | • | 680 | 102 | 94 | 110 | 77 | 5 |
| 50 | 2012 | • | 675 | 100 | 93 | 108 | 76 | 5 |
| | 2013 | • | 670 | 99 | 92 | 107 | 79 | 6 |
| | 2014 | • | 670 | 99 | 92 | 107 | 81 | 6 |
| | 2015 | • | 675 | 100* | 92 | 108 | 82 | 6 |
| • • • • • | — • | | | | | | | |
| 0 | | | | | | | | |

• Wirral's Looked after Children rate continues to be significantly above North West and England averages (Figure 16)

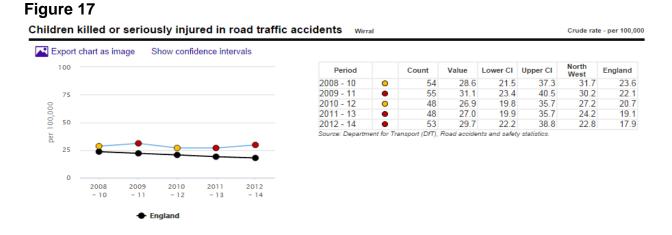
Figure 16

Looked after children: Rate per 10,000 <18 population



Children Killed and Seriously Injured (KSI) – Road Traffic Accidents (RTAs)

 Wirral continues to have higher numbers of children and young people involved in RTA and KSI (Figure 17)



 In table 9 below we see that 2.2% of all RTAs in Wirral involved one or more children being killed or seriously injured (2012-14). • Ward rates range between 0% in 2 wards (Heswall, Moreton West & Saughall Massie, and Pensby & Thingwall) to 5.9% in Rock Ferry

| Та | bl | е | 9 |
|----|----|---|---|
| | | | |

| Ward of Collision (2004 Boundaries) | Total Number of Casualties | % Killed or Seriously Injured | % Killed or Seriously Injured (Child) |
|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Bebington | 70 | 28.6 | 1.4 |
| Bidston and St James | 190 | 15.8 | 0.5 |
| Birkenhead and Tranmere | 188 | 21.3 | 2.7 |
| Bromborough | 125 | 16.8 | 0.8 |
| Claughton | 72 | 18.1 | 4.2 |
| Clatterbridge | 116 | 17.2 | 1.7 |
| Eastham | 114 | 21.1 | 2.6 |
| Greasby, Frankby and Irby | 49 | 26.5 | 2.0 |
| Heswall | 53 | 28.3 | 0.0 |
| Hoylake and Meols | 71 | 18.3 | 2.8 |
| Leasowe and Moreton East | 98 | 21.4 | 2.0 |
| Liscard | 104 | 15.4 | 3.9 |
| Moreton West and Saughall Massie | 50 | 14.0 | 0.0 |
| New Brighton | 63 | 15.9 | 1.6 |
| Oxton | 88 | 22.7 | 1.1 |
| Pensby and Thingwall | 73 | 23.3 | 0.0 |
| Prenton | 92 | 13.0 | 2.2 |
| Rock Ferry | 118 | 19.5 | 5.9 |
| Seacombe | 126 | 18.3 | 2.4 |
| Upton | 122 | 11.5 | 1.6 |
| Wallasey | 81 | 22.2 | 3.7 |
| West Kirby and Thurstaston | 58 | 32.8 | 5.2 |
| Birkenhead Constituency | 748 | 18.5 | 2.5 |
| Wallasey Constituency | 522 | 18.2 | 2.5 |
| Wirral South Constituency | 478 | 20.9 | 1.5 |
| Wirral West Constituency | 373 | 20.4 | 2.2 |
| Wirral | 2121 | 19.3 | 2.2 |

Source: Wirral Stats Compendium 2016

Conceptions (Under 18s)

Wirral has a higher rate of under 18 conceptions that North West and England • although the rate has dropped significantly since 2010 (Figure 18)

| Export chart as image Show confidence intervals | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------|---|-------|-------|----------|----------|---------------|---------|
| 100 | Period | | Count | Value | Lower CI | Upper CI | North West | England |
| | 1998 | 0 | 314 | 50.6 | 45.2 | 56.5 | 50.3 | 46. |
| 75 | 1999 | 0 | 284 | 44.5 | 39.5 | 50.0 | 48.8 | 44. |
| | 2000 | 0 | 309 | 47.5 | 42.3 | 53.0 | 47.5 | 43. |
| | 2001 | ٠ | 323 | 48.6 | 43.4 | 54.2 | 45.1 | 42. |
| | 2002 | 0 | 303 | 45.8 | 40.8 | 51.3 | 45.4 | 42. |
| | 2003 | 0 | 280 | 42.0 | 37.2 | 47.2 | 45.2 | 42. |
| | 2004 | 0 | 297 | 44.2 | 39.3 | 49.5 | 46.0 | 41. |
| 25 | 2005 | 0 | 302 | 45.3 | 40.3 | 50.7 | 46.9 | 41. |
| | 2006 | • | 312 | 46.8 | 41.7 | 52.3 | 44.2 | 40. |
| | 2007 | 0 | 304 | 46.1 | 41.0 | 51.6 | 46.6 | 41. |
| 0 | 2008 | 0 | 249 | 38.6 | 34.0 | 43.8 | 44.8 | 39. |
| 1998 2001 2004 2007 2010 2013 | 2009 | ٠ | 264 | 42.5 | 37.6 | 48.0 | 42.6 | 37. |
| | 2010 | ٠ | 276 | 45.5 | 40.3 | 51.2 | 39.6 | 34. |
| + England | 2011 | 0 | 206 | 34.6 | 30.0 | 39.6 | 35.3 | 30. |
| | 2012 | ٠ | 195 | 33.5 | 29.0 | 38.6 | 31.6 | 27. |
| | 2013 | ٠ | 193 | 33.7 | 29.1 | 38.8 | 27.6 | 24 |
| | 2014 | • | 176 | 30.8 | 26.5 | 35.8 | 26.8 | 22. |

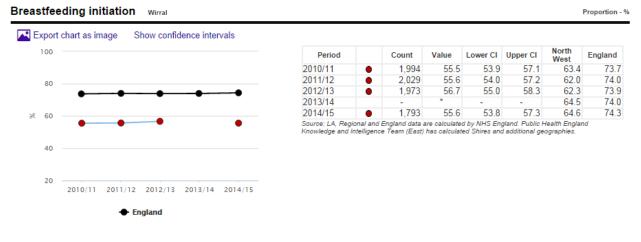
Source: PHOF, 2016

Figure 18

Breastfeeding

Breastfeeding initiation rates for Wirral continue to be below both England and North • West average (Figure 19

Figure 19



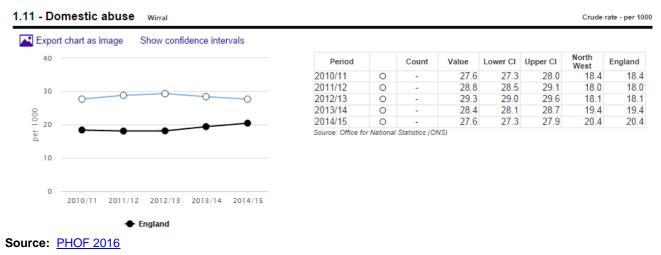
Source: PHOF, 2016

| | | | | | | | Crude | rate - pe |
|--------------------|--------|---|-------|-------|----------|----------|---------------|-----------|
| nfidence intervals | | | | | | | | |
| | Period | | Count | Value | Lower CI | Upper CI | North West | Englar |
| | 1998 | 0 | 314 | 50.6 | 45.2 | 56.5 | 50.3 | 4 |
| | 1999 | 0 | 284 | 44.5 | 39.5 | 50.0 | 48.8 | 4 |
| | 2000 | 0 | 309 | 47.5 | 42.3 | 53.0 | 47.5 | 4 |
| | 2001 | • | 323 | 48.6 | 43.4 | 54.2 | 45.1 | 4 |
| | 2002 | 0 | 303 | 45.8 | 40.8 | 51.3 | 45.4 | 4 |
| | 2003 | 0 | 280 | 42.0 | 37.2 | 47.2 | 45.2 | 4 |
| | 2004 | 0 | 297 | 44.2 | 39.3 | 49.5 | 46.0 | 4 |
| | 2005 | 0 | 302 | 45.3 | 40.3 | 50.7 | 46.9 | 4 |
| ••• | 2006 | • | 312 | 46.8 | 41.7 | 52.3 | 44.2 | 4 |
| | 2007 | 0 | 304 | 46.1 | 41.0 | 51.6 | 46.6 | 4 |

Domestic Abuse

- Wirral and Knowsley have the highest recorded crude rates per 1,000 population in North West for Domestic Abuse incidents recorded by the police (2014/15 data) (Figure 20)
- This has been a constant level since 2010/11 and has remained above England average throughout that period though in 2014/15 we see Wirral reducing to a 2010/11 level and England increasing above 20 cases per 1,000 for the first time (Figure 20)

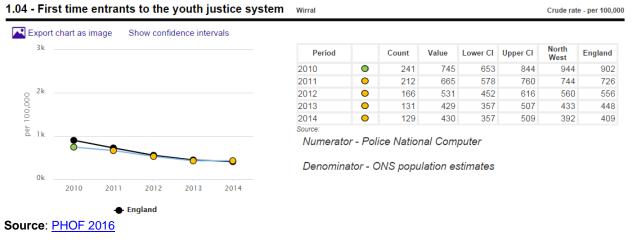
Figure 20



Youth Offending/Justice

• Although figures suggest a continuing reduction in the numbers of first time entrants to the youth justice system, Wirral continues to have higher numbers than both North West and England (Figure 21)

Figure 21



Children with disabilities

• Wirral has a higher percentage of pupils with special educational needs compared to overall pupil population compared to North West and England figures (Figure 22)

Figure 22

Pupils with special educational needs (SEN): % of all school age pupils with special educational needs 2015 Crude rate - % Export chart as image Export table as image Area Value Lower Upper CI CI England 15.4* 15.4 15.4 15.6* 15.5 15.6 North West region I 24.3 237 24.9 Knowslev Blackburn with Darwen 20.2 19.7 20.7 н Funnel plot is St. Helens 19.3 18.9 19.8 not available Liverpool 19.0 18.7 19.3 17.7 Wirral 17.4 18.0 177 17.3 18.1 Salford Blackpool 17.1 16.5 17.6 Halton 16.7 16.1 17.2 Manchester 16.4 16.1 16.6 Wigan 15.7 15.4 16.0 15.4 Cumbria 15.6 15.9 Bury 15.6 15.2 16.0 Oldham 15.5 15.2 15.9 Stockport 15.5 15.1 15.8 Warrington 15.4 15.0 15.8 Cheshire West and Chest 15.1 147 15.4 Rochdale 14.6 14.3 15.0 Bolton 14.2 13.9 14.5 Tameside 14.2 13.9 14.6 Trafford 14.1 13.7 14.4 Lancashire 13.5 13.4 137 Sefton 13.0 13.3 13.6 10.7 10.5 Cheshire East 11.0 Source: Department for Education special educational needs statistics https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/special-

Source: Department for Education special ec educational-needs-in-england-january-2013

Source: PHOF 2016

Education, employment or training

- Wirral's rate of 16-18 year olds not in education, employment of training is lower than both North West and England (based on 2014 figures) (Figure 23)
- However this will mask local variations with some wards having considerably higher rates than others

| Export chart as image Show confidence intervals | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|-------------|-------|----------|----------|---------------|---------|
| 15 | Period | Count | Value | Lower CI | Upper CI | North West | England |
| | 2011 | 1,090 | 8.9 | 8.4 | 9.5 | 7.1 | 6.1 |
| | 2012 | 900 | 7.5 | 7.0 | 8.0 | 6.4 | 5.8 |
| 10 | 2013 | 660 | 5.7 | 5.3 | 6.1 | 5.6 | 5.3 |
| | 2014 | 490 | 4.3 | 4.0 | 4.7 | 5.2 | 4. |
| s | Source: Department fo | r Education | | | | | |
| 5 | | r Education | | | | | |
| 5 | | r Education | | | | | |

Figure 23

• As we can see from the table 10 below, later data (2015) suggests that 3% of Wirral 16-18 year olds are not in education, employment or training, this varies between wards from 6.8% in Bidston & St James to 0.5% in Greasby, Frankby & Irby

| Ward Name | Age (% NEET) | | | | All 16-19s | | |
|---|--------------|-----|-----|-----|------------|-----|--|
| ward name | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | Number | % | |
| Bebington | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 0.5 | * | 1.2 | |
| Bidston and St James | 0.3 | 1.9 | 1.5 | 3.0 | 49 | 6.8 | |
| Birkenhead and Tranmere | 0.2 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 3.7 | 70 | 6.6 | |
| Bromborough | 0.0 | 0.8 | 0.5 | 0.2 | * | 1.5 | |
| Clatterbridge | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.9 | * | 1.2 | |
| Claughton | 0.4 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 1.3 | 22 | 3.2 | |
| Eastham | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.6 | * | 1.3 | |
| Greasby, Frankby and Irby | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.5 | * | 0.5 | |
| Heswall | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | * | 0.6 | |
| Hoylake and Meols | 0.2 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 0.6 | * | 1.5 | |
| Leasowe and Moreton East | 0.0 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 22 | 3.6 | |
| Liscard | 0.0 | 0.7 | 2.1 | 1.6 | 30 | 4.4 | |
| Moreton West and Saughall | | | | | | | |
| Massie | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.2 | * | 0.9 | |
| New Brighton | 0.0 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 17 | 2.6 | |
| Oxton | 0.2 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.4 | * | 1.8 | |
| Pensby and Thingwall | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.6 | * | 0.8 | |
| Prenton | 0.0 | 0.2 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 16 | 2.5 | |
| Rock Ferry | 0.3 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 37 | 5.4 | |
| Seacombe | 0.3 | 2.5 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 45 | 6.5 | |
| Upton | 0.5 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 31 | 4.0 | |
| Wallasey | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.3 | * | 0.8 | |
| West Kirby and Thurstaston | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.8 | * | 1.1 | |
| Birkenhead Constituency | 0.2 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 2.2 | 203 | 4.7 | |
| Wallasey Constituency | 0.1 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 124 | 3.3 | |
| Wirral South Constituency | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 34 | 1.8 | |
| Wirral West Constituency | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.8 | 52 | 1.2 | |
| Wirral Source: Wirral Council 2016, Wirral Stats Compe | 0.2 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1.2 | 413 | 3.0 | |

Table 10

Source: Wirral Council 2016, Wirral Stats Compendium 2016

Notes: * number of people less than 5, Note - some figures will not add up due to rounding

Future opportunities

In order to reduce and manage demand for high cost specialist services we intend to develop an approach to forecasting and modelling which will help to better understand our population and future needs.

As a partnership we also want to align much more closely, our JSNA and our partnership pledges for children, young people and families, as set out in our strategy.

The Children's Joint Commissioning Group will be considering their fresh approach with the JSNA, with clear leadership and development roles for representatives across the Wirral partnership. <u>Further details can be seen in this proposal document</u>.

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