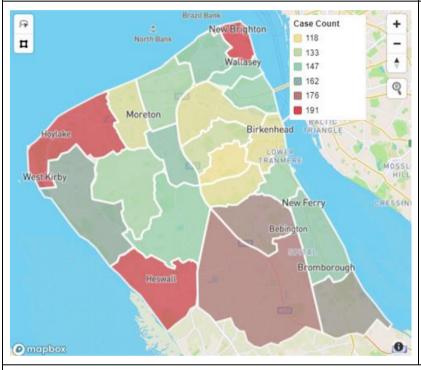
The weekly Coronavirus (COVID-19) surveillance report for Wirral

Week ending: Friday 25th March 2022

Cases	Case Rate	Cases	Deaths	Vaccinations
(to 25 th March 2022)	(to 25 th March 2022)	National Rank	(to 18 th March 2022)	(to 29 th March 2022)
This week: 3,323Cumulative: 106,037	 Wirral: 1,024.6 Merseyside: 862.2 North-West: 765.9 England: 866.7 	This week: 101stLast week: 178th	This week: 3Cumulative: 1,154	1 dose: 84.9%2 doses: 80.4%3 doses: 83.4%

Confirmed Cases by Wirral Ward (map) (7-days to 25/03/22)



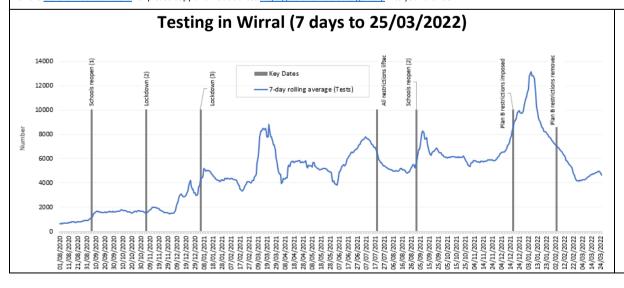
Confirmed Cases by Wirral Ward (table) (7-days to 25/03/22)

Wirral Ward	Cases
New Brighton	
Hoylake and Meols	
Heswall	188
Clatterbridge	175
Bebington	172
Eastham	168
West Kirby and Thurstaston	163
Upton	153
Wallasey	152
Bromborough	152
Liscard	147
Seacombe	146
Pensby and Thingwall	145
Rock Ferry	143
Greasby Frankby and Irby	140
Leasowe and Moreton East	140
Claughton	129
Moreton West and Saughall Massie	125
Bidston and St James	124
Birkenhead and Tranmere	122
Prenton	122
Oxton	118

Note(s):

¹ Positive cases sourced from Daily summary | Coronavirus in the UK (data.gov.uk) cumulative total is subject to retrospective addition which can mean it increases by more than the weekly total ² Case rate - the cumulative number of confirmed cases of COVID-19 for the 7-day period divided by the total population of each area multiplied by 100,000

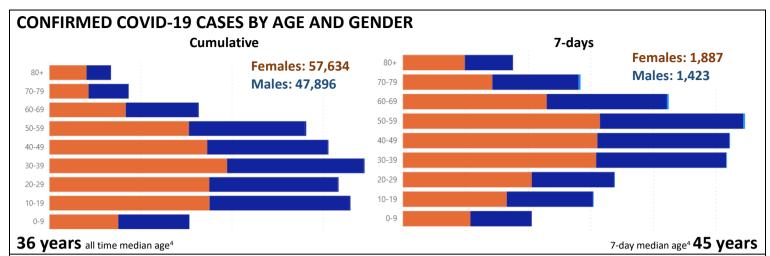
³ From 31/01/2022, COVID-19 cases in England now include reinfections (previously, figures only reported COVID-19 cases as the date of first infection, so individuals were only ever counted once). Infections will now be counted if there are at least 90 days between positive tests. Due to this change, cases are likely to show an increase of around 10%. More information can be found on the Coronavirus dashboard or please copy this web address https://coronavirus.data.gov.uk/ into your browser



- There was an increase in number of tests to 25th March (32,646 vs 32,109 last week)
- Testing rate was 318.3 in 7 days to 23rd March (compared to 296.7 last week)

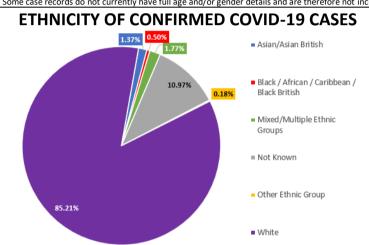
The weekly Coronavirus (COVID-19) surveillance report for Wirral

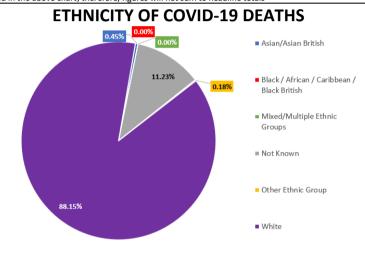
Week ending: Friday 25th March 2022



⁴median age is the middle value in a range - half of the cases are younger than this age and half are older (all persons) **Note(s)**:

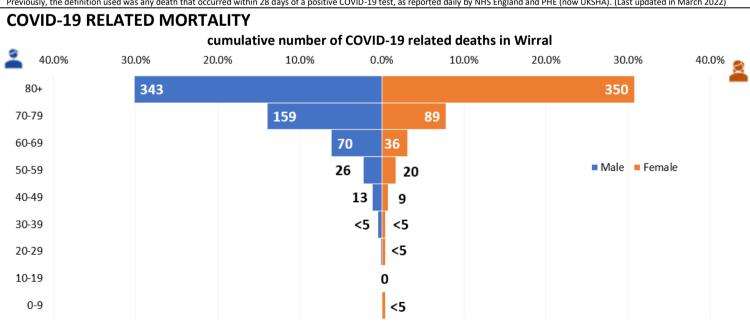
Some case records do not currently have full age and/or gender details and are therefore not included in the above chart; therefore, figures will not sum to headline totals





Note(s):

From 04/03/2022, COVID-19 deaths data will now be defined as those where a COVID-19 ICD10 code (U071 or U072) is recorded on the death certificate and will be updated monthly by ONS. Previously, the definition used was any death that occurred within 28 days of a positive COVID-19 test, as reported daily by NHS England and PHE (now UKSHA). (Last updated in March 2022)

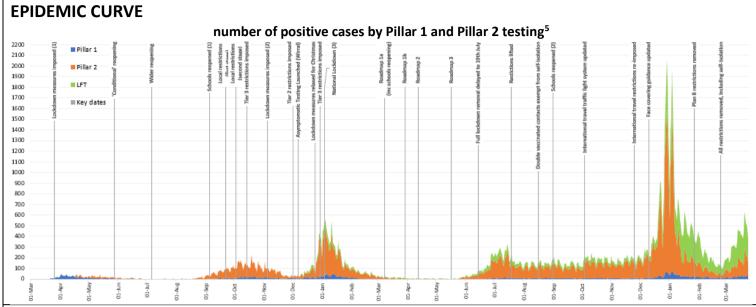


Note(s):

From 04/03/2022, COVID-19 deaths data will now be defined as those where a COVID-19 ICD10 code (U071 or U072) is recorded on the death certificate and will be updated monthly by ONS. Previously, the definition used was any death that occurred within 28 days of a positive COVID-19 test, as reported daily by NHS England and PHE (now UKSHA). From 31/01/2022, COVID-19 cases in England now include reinfections (previously, figures only reported COVID-19 cases as the date of first infection, so individuals were only ever counted once) this has increased the number of deaths. Some records do not currently have full age and/or gender details and are therefore not included in the above chart; therefore, figures will not sum to headline totals. Cases are subject to retrospective review and may be reallocated to other Local Authorities.

The weekly Coronavirus (COVID-19) surveillance report for Wirral

Week ending: Friday 25th March 2022



⁵The most recent week is a partial week and only data from more than five days ago can be considered complete

Note(s):

The data are shown by the date the specimen was taken

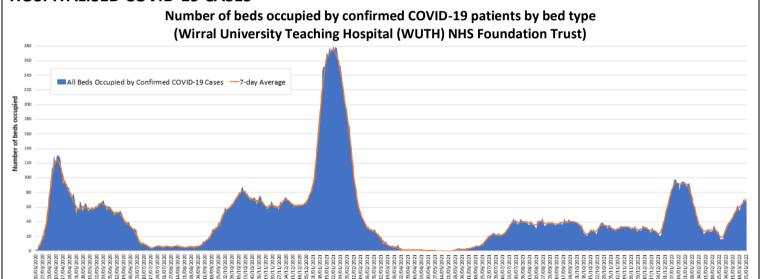
Pillar 1 data is for swab testing in PHE labs and NHS hospitals for those with a clinical need as well as staff

Pillar 2 data is for swab testing for the wider population, as set out in government guidance

LFT (lateral flow device) data is for rapid tests in the community (which also make up part of Pillar 2 testing)

Details around the government roadmap can be found here: https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/covid-19-response-spring-2021/covid-19-response-spring-2021-summary

HOSPITALISED COVID-19 CASES



Note(s):

The peak of WUTH beds occupied by patients with COVID-19 is 279 (January 2021). This surpassed the previous peak of 131 (April 2020)

For more information on this report, please see the following links:

About the data we use for our Weekly Surveillance Report Data we use to produce the Weekly Surveillance Report

Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs)

Additional sources for data and information